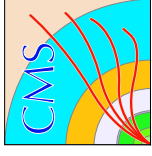


Comparison of GEANT4 Simulation of CMS ECAL Testbeam Experiments with Data and GEANT3 Simulation

Martin LIENDL
(CERN & HEPHY Vienna)



Motivation



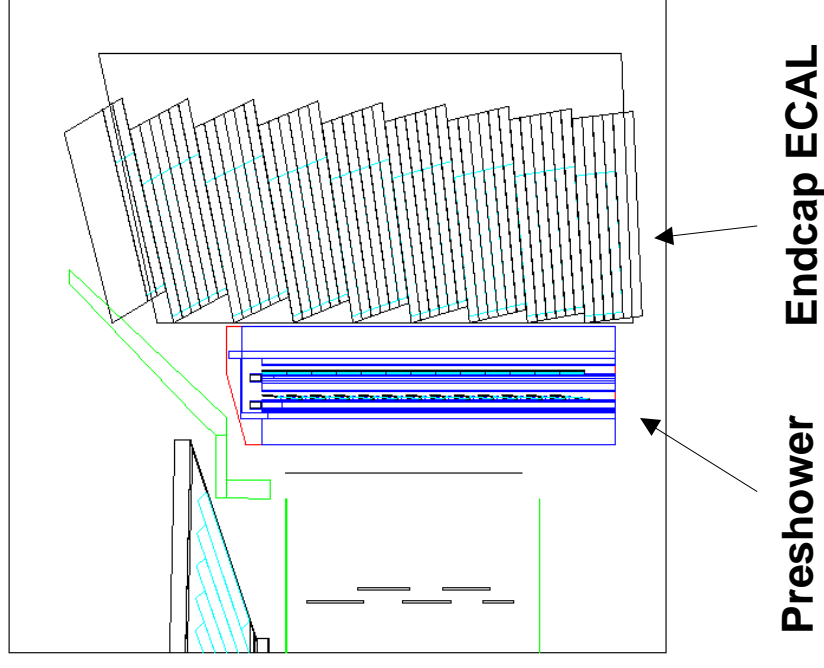
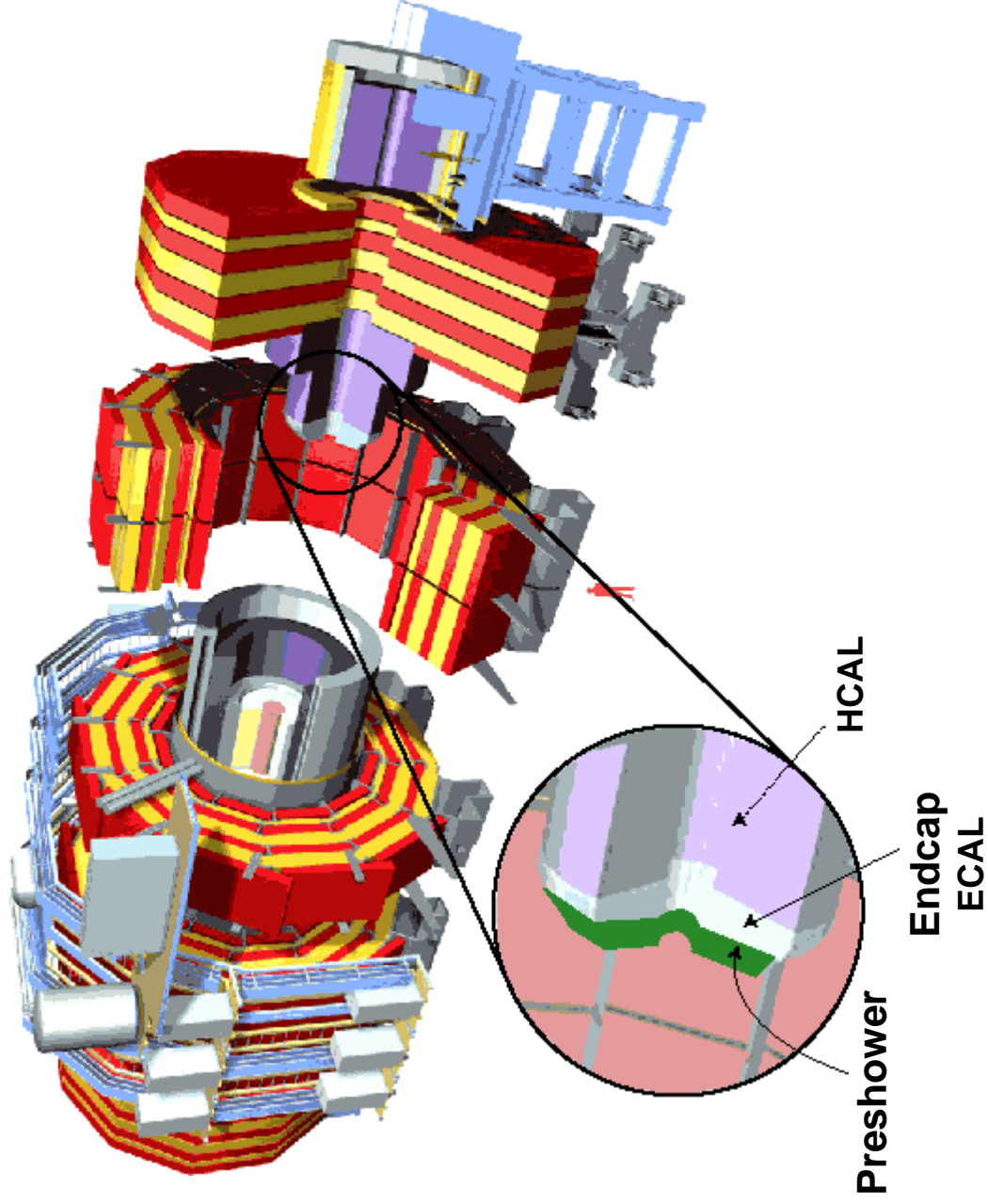
Comparison of Testbeam experiments with simulation

**Future production system at CMS will use GEANT 4 for simulation
(project OSCAR)**

Gain confidence in GEANT 4

- **Testbeam 1999**, Ecal (PbWO4) Endcap Crystals and Preshower Prototype
(Data + Geant 3 comparison: CMS Note 2000/001)

CMS Detector, Endcap ECAL

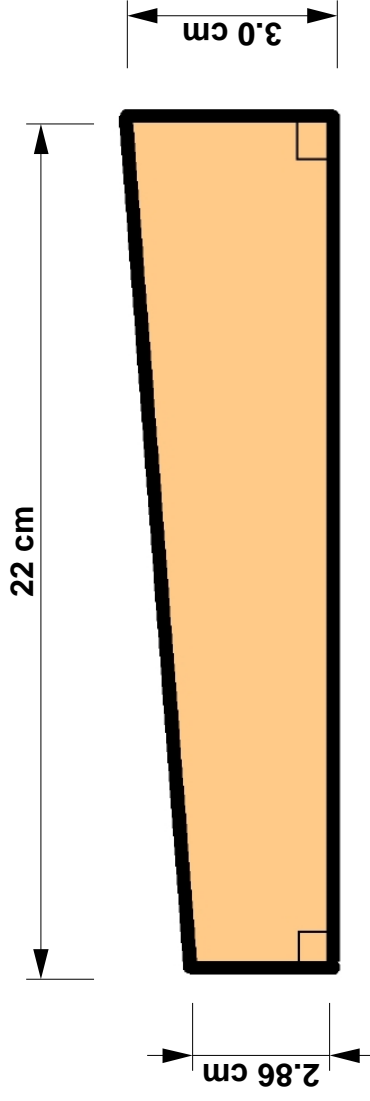
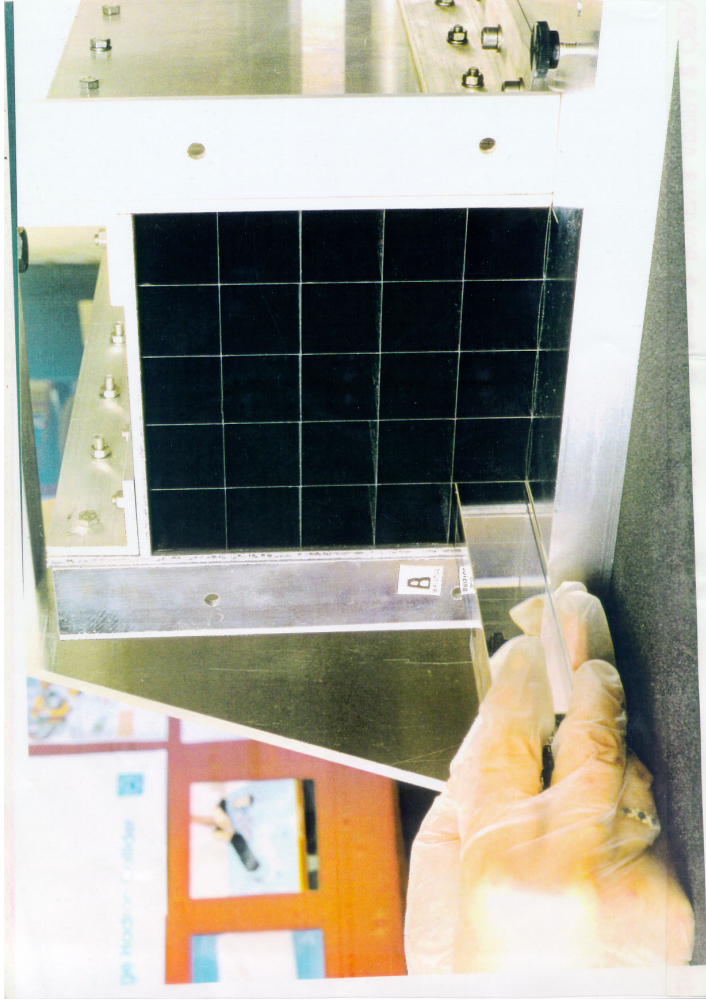


ECAL Endcap Crystals

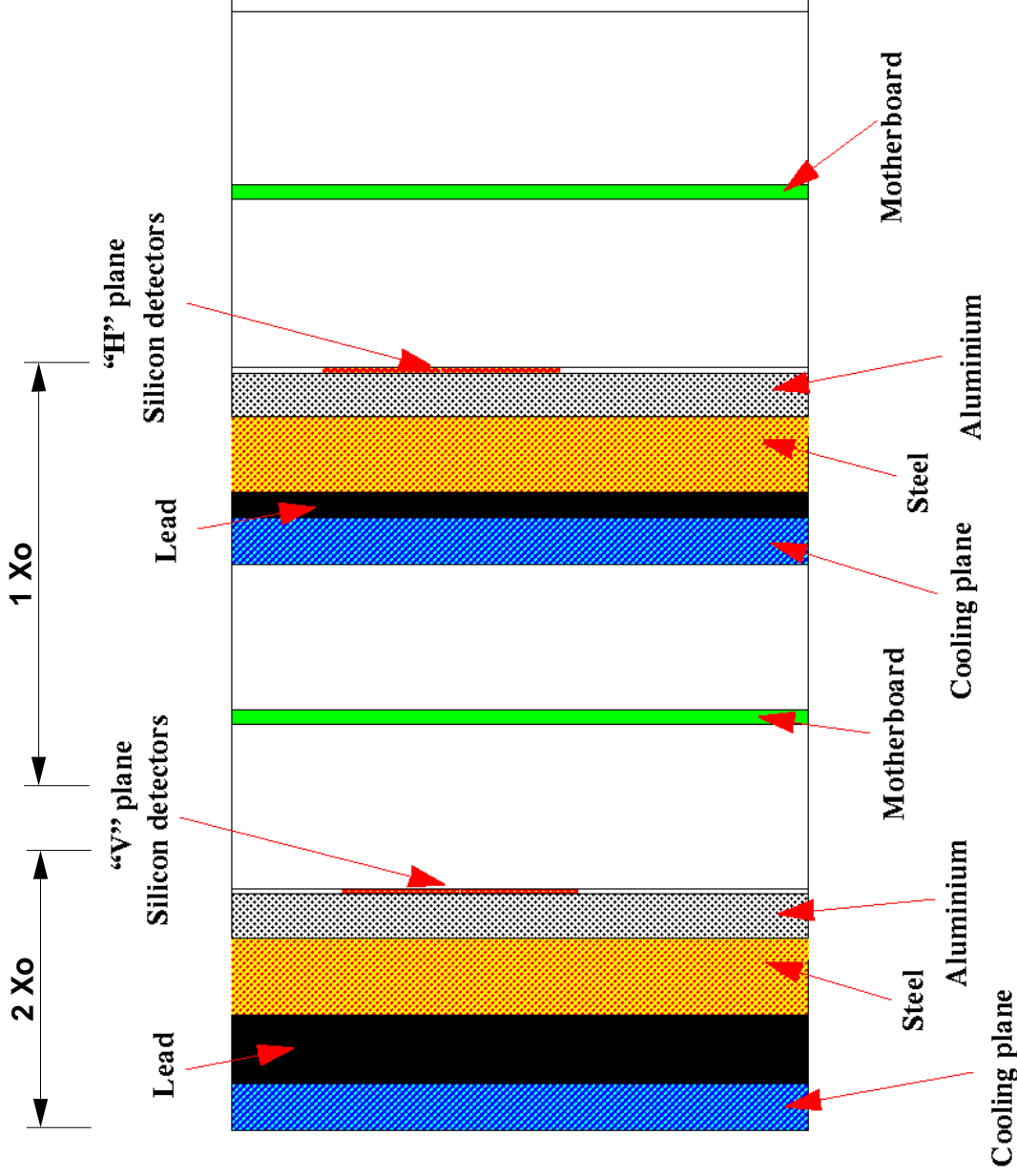
Crystals: PbWO_4
30x30mm rear face,
22cm long,
28.62x28.62mm front face

Radiation length: 24 X_0
Molière radius: 2.2 cm

Energy containment on
central hit: ~ **85 %**

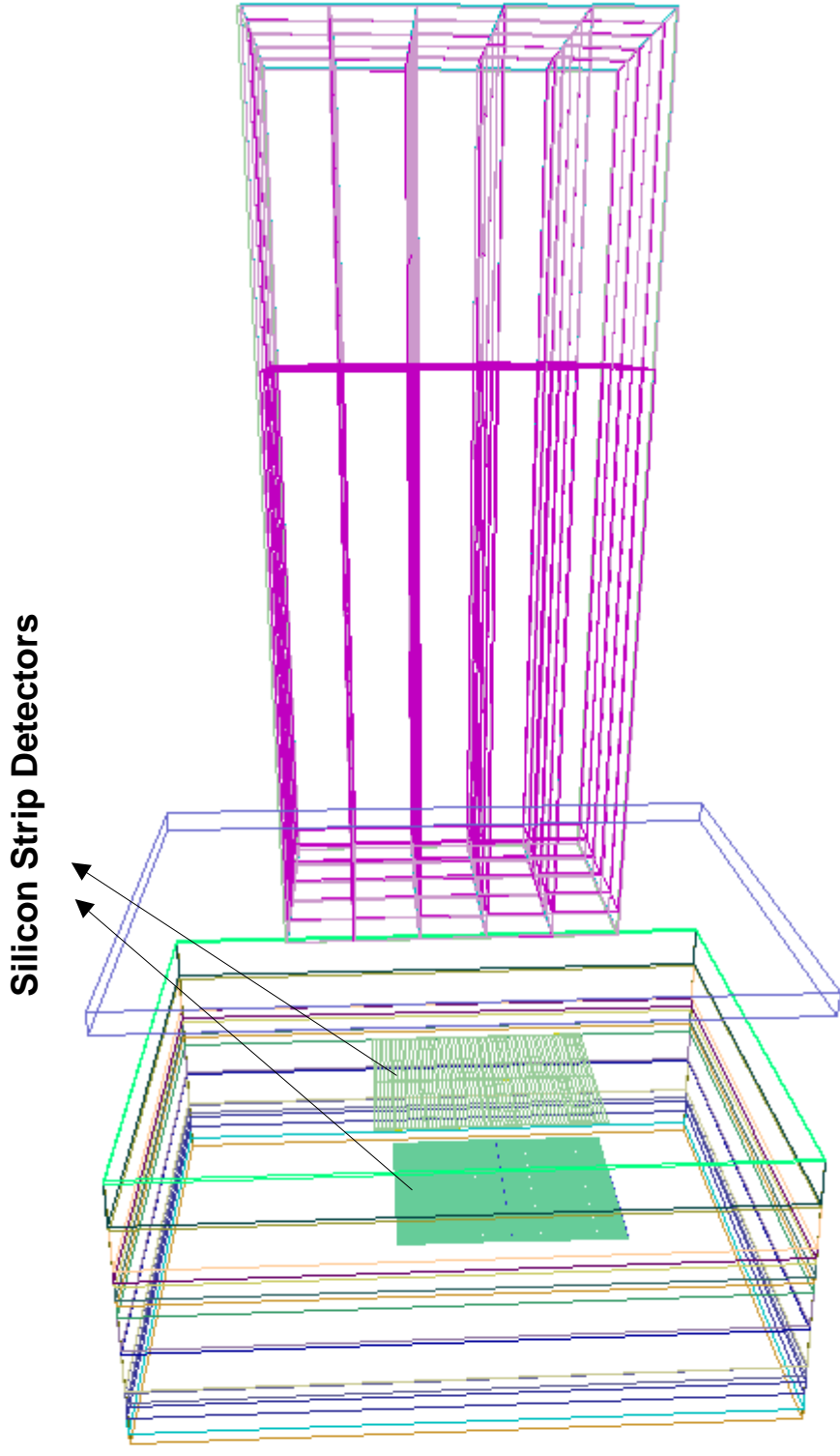


Preshower Prototype

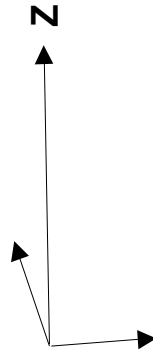


Preshower:
radiation length $3.24 X_0$

Silicon Strip Detectors:
 $57.7 \times 57.7 \times 0.3$ mm
subdivided into 32 strips
(~ 1.9 mm strip)



Scintillators

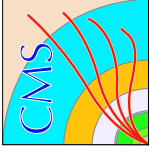


**Beam along 'z'-axes
4x4mm² area
on center crystal**

Preshower Prototype 5x5 matrix of PbWO₄ crystals



G4 Simulation Setup

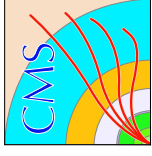


Cuts in GEANT4 (*production thresholds*):

- 0.005 mm for every particle and material for preshower shower shape studies
- 0.5 mm for energy resolution studies
- GEANT 4.2.ref

Cuts in GEANT3

- 10 keV for e⁻/e⁺ and gamma in crystals and preshower
- Delta ray production turned off for energy resolution studies
- delta rays turned on for preshower shower profile

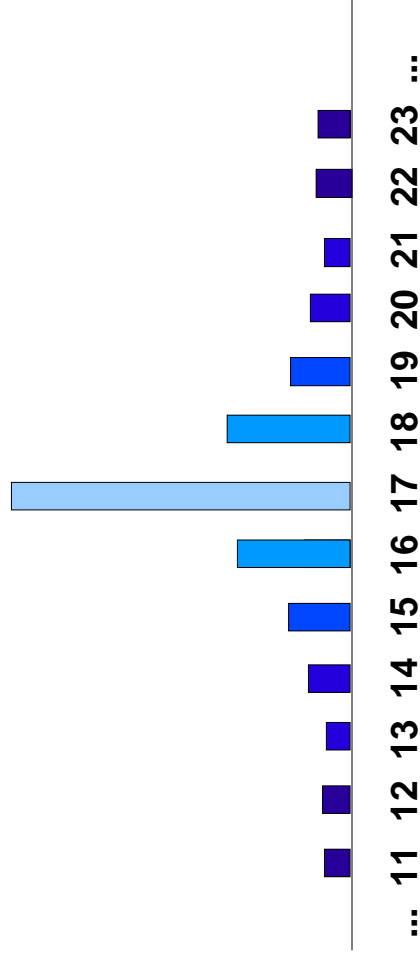


In the simulation:

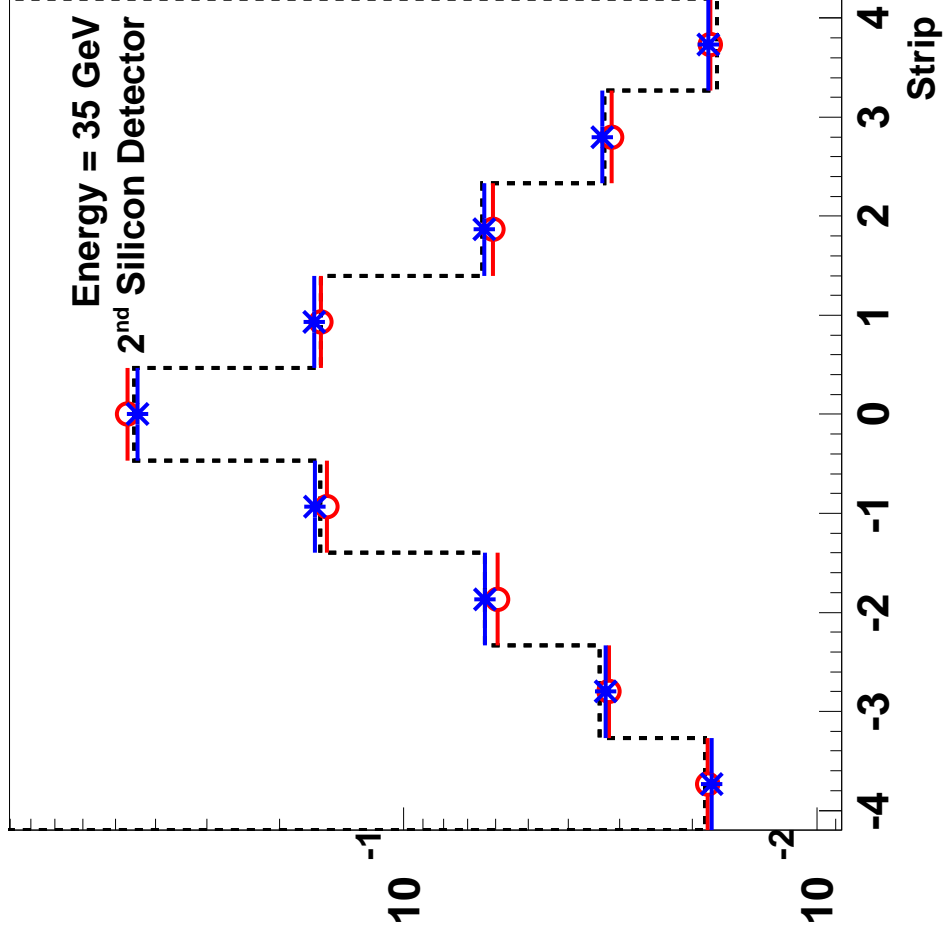
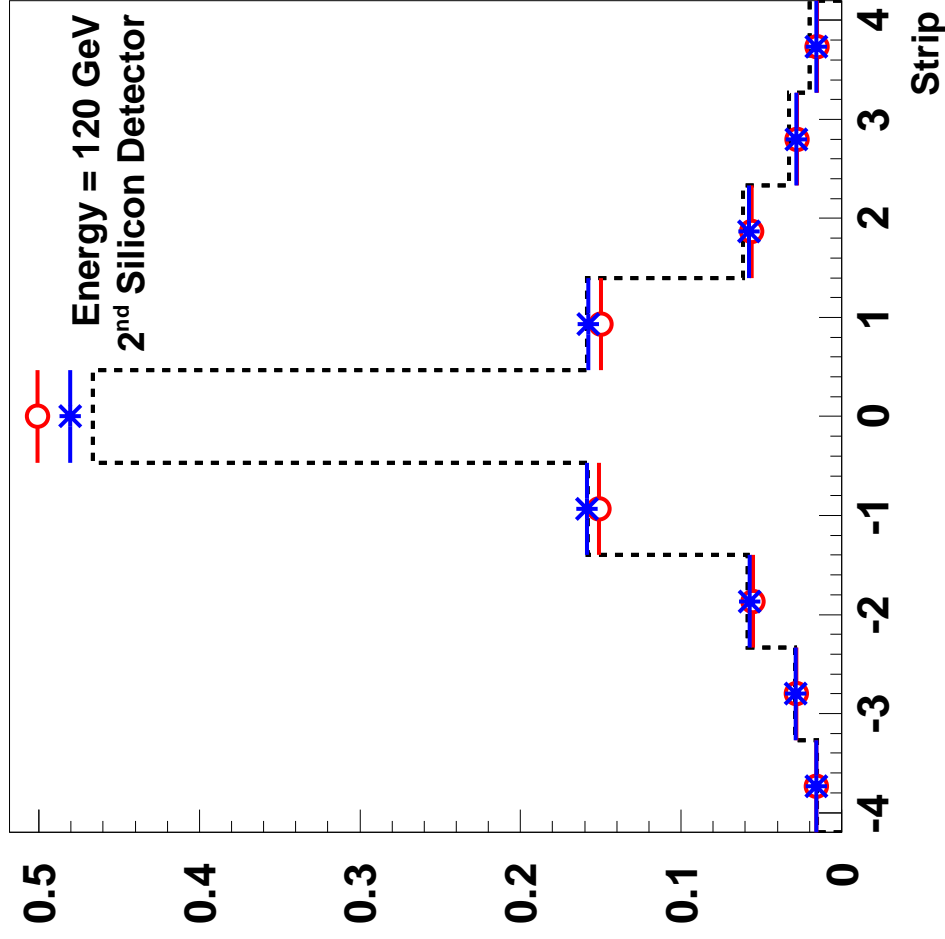
- Find the strip with maximum energy deposit in the silicon detectors
 - Take its (n) neighbours on both sides
-
- Apply pedestal subtraction, common noise subtraction

Additionally in the data:

Then: normalization of simulation & data histograms on same total energy

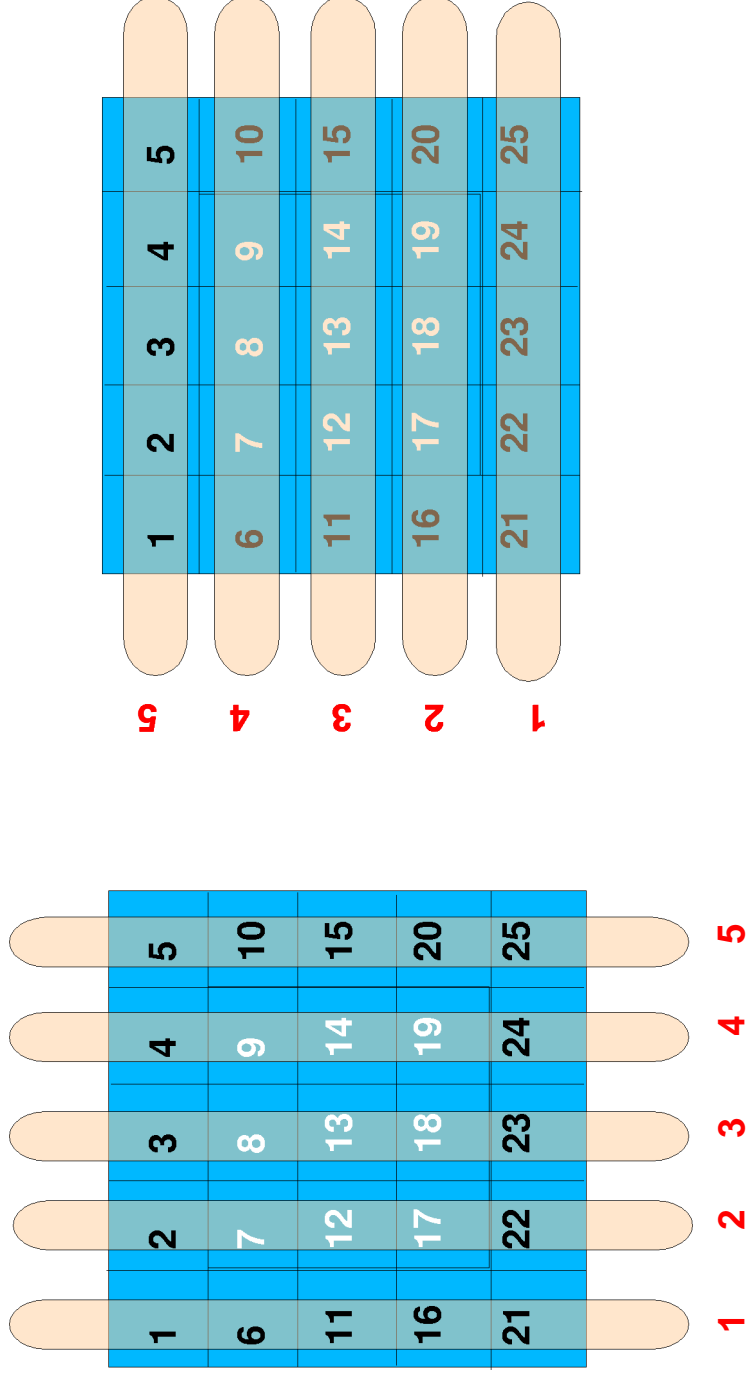
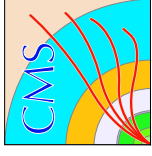


'Showershape' in Preshower (2)

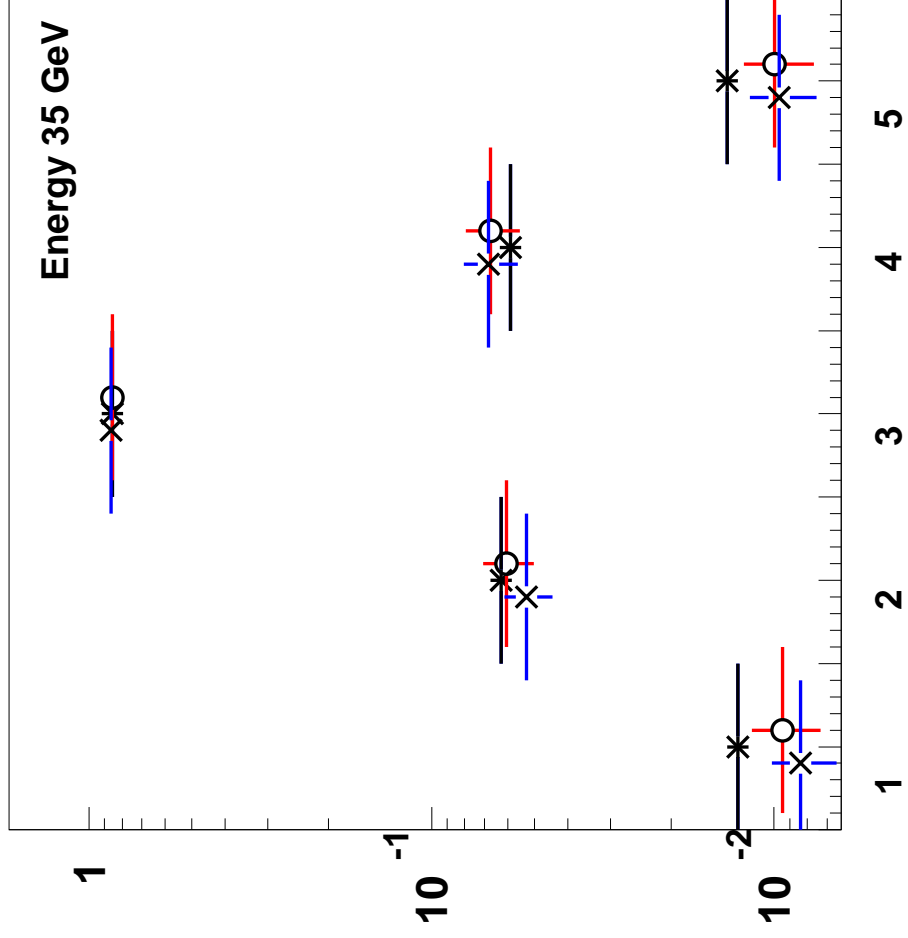
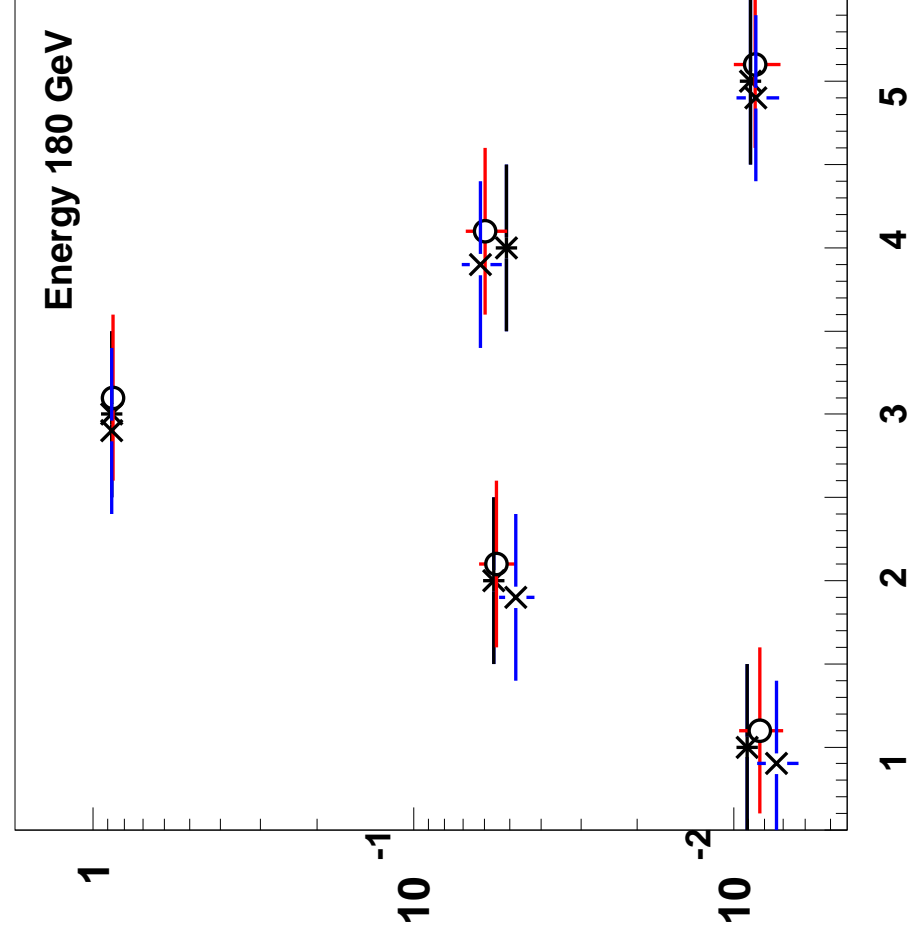
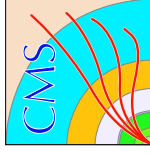


--- Data * Geant 4 o Geant 3

Profile in Crystal Columns



Profile in Crystal Columns (2)



* Data o Geant 4 x Geant 3

Without preshower from 3x3 cluster of crystals:

Data:

$$\frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{4.10}{\sqrt{E}} \% \oplus 0.25 \%$$

Geant 4:

$$\frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{1.02}{\sqrt{E}} \% \oplus 0.25 \% \Rightarrow$$

$$\oplus \frac{4.0}{\sqrt{E}} \%$$

Geant 3:

$$\frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{1.40}{\sqrt{E}} \% \oplus 0.25 \% \Rightarrow$$

$$\oplus \frac{3.9}{\sqrt{E}} \%$$

Photostatistics

Beam restricted to 4x4mm² centered on the centre crystal 13

Total energy: $E_{\text{tot}} = E_9 + E_{\text{presh}}$
 $E_{\text{presh}} = a * (E_1 + b * E_2)$

E_{tot} total energy

E_9 energy in 3x3 cluster of crystals

E_{presh} .. energy in preshower

$E_{(i)}$ energy in silicon detector of layer (i) (sum over 5 strips around max.)

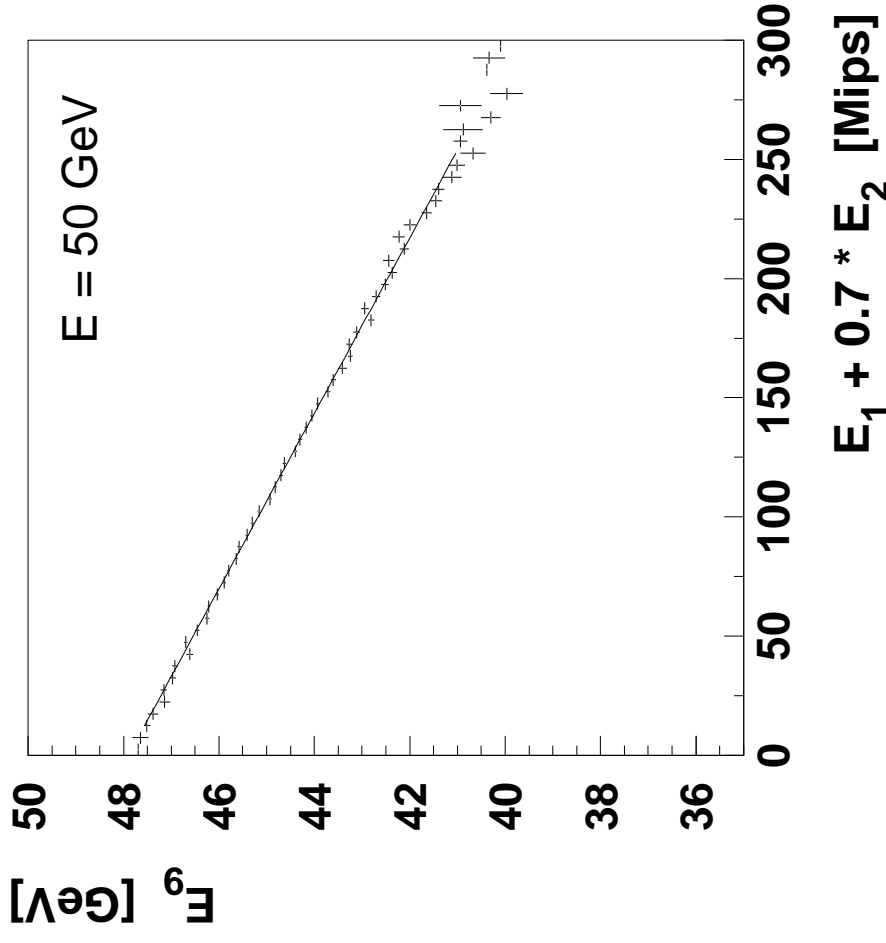
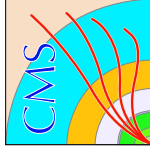
a .. recalibration factor

b .. weight of silicon plane 2, found to be 0.7

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25

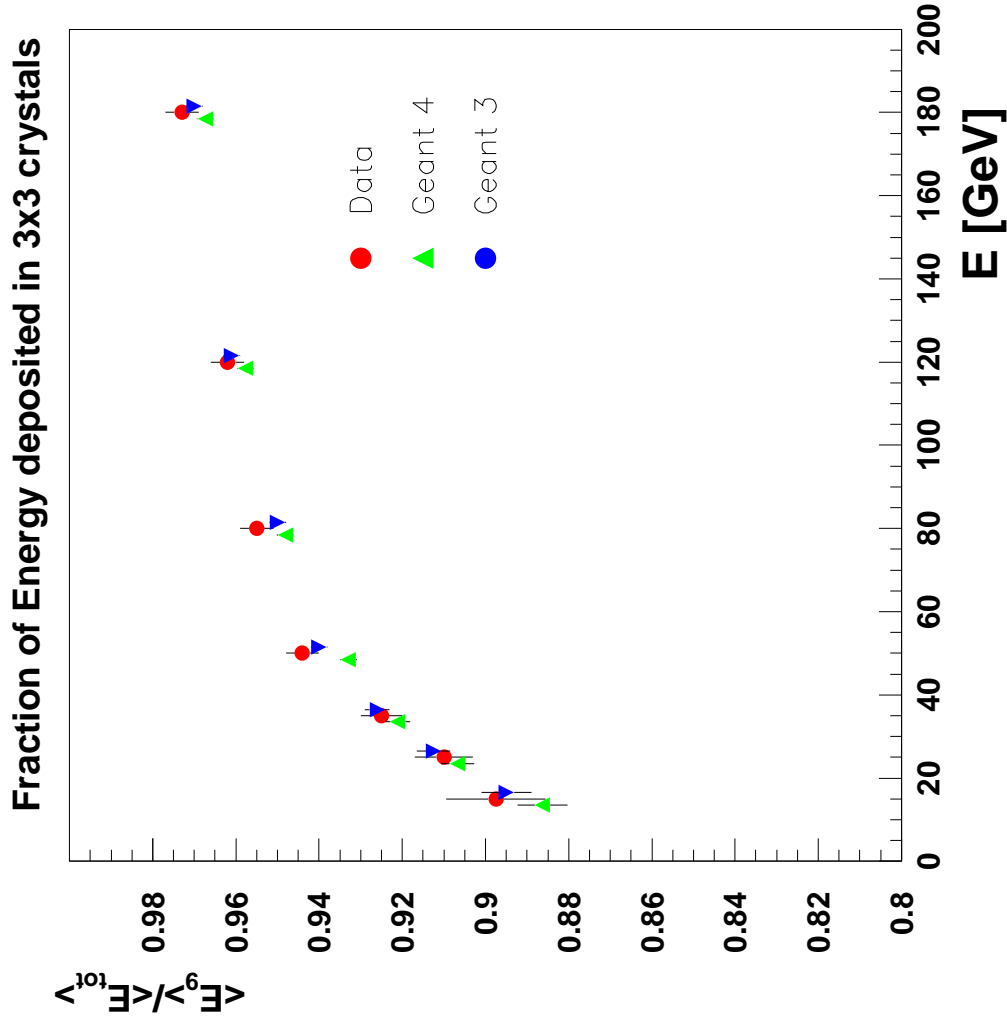
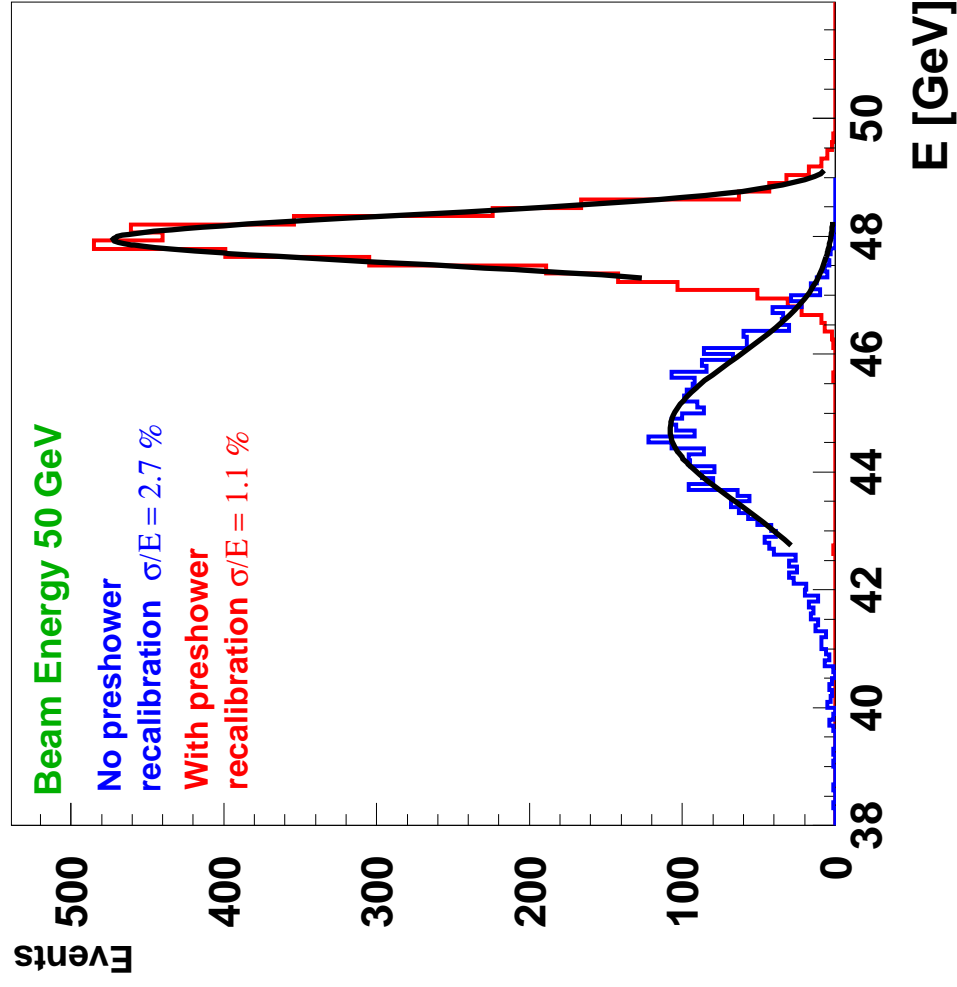
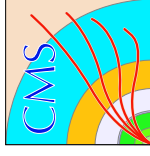


Slope of E_9 vs. $E_1 + 0.7 * E_2$

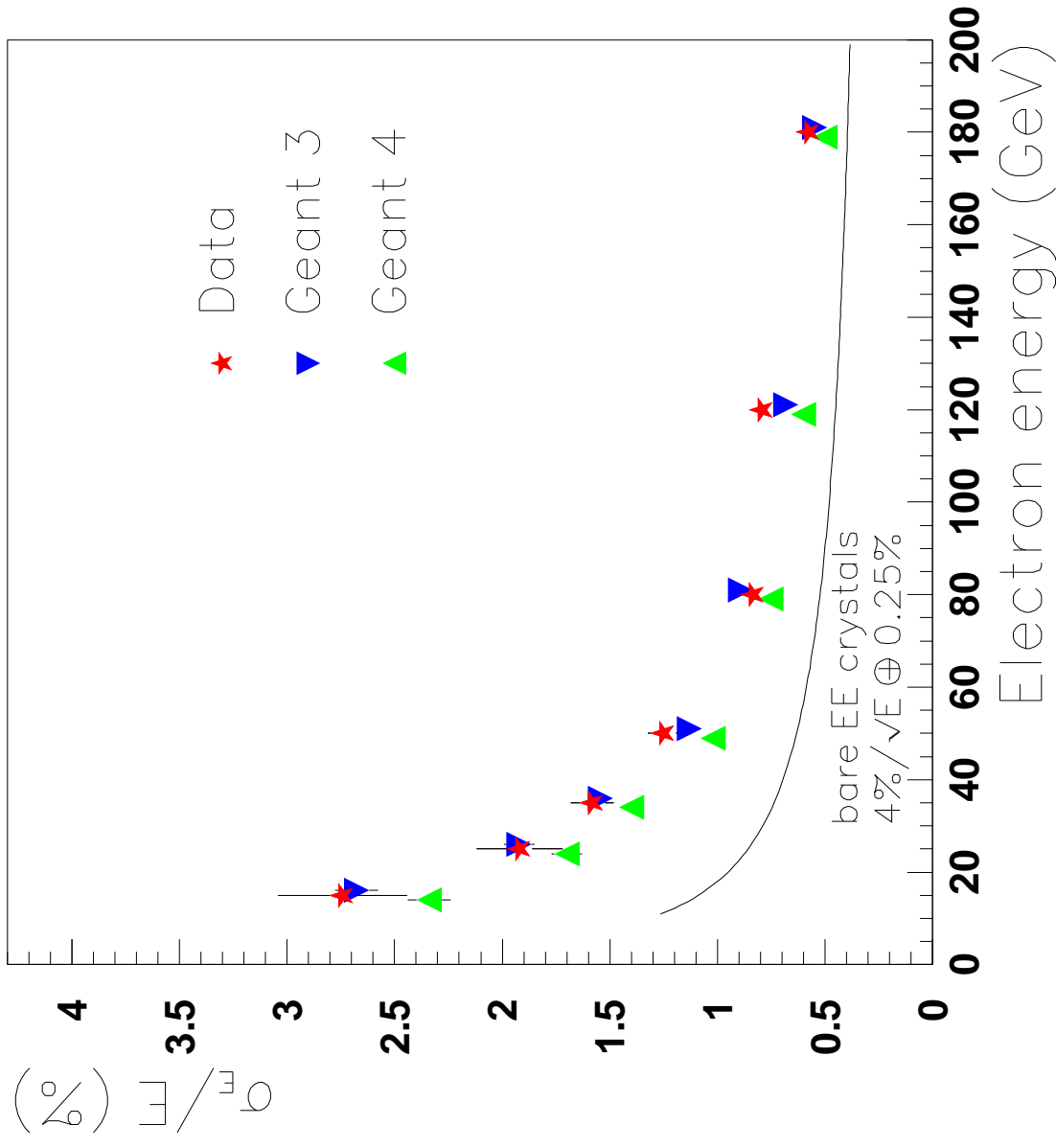


Energy (GeV)	Data (+/- 5%)	G3	G4
15	0.026	0.028	0.027
25	0.027	0.027	0.027
35	0.027	0.027	0.027
50	0.027	0.027	0.027
80	0.027	0.025	0.025
120	0.026	0.025	0.024
180	0.023	0.024	0.023

Results

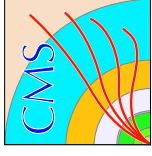


Energy Resolution





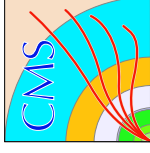
Conclusions



- Promising results achieved with GEANT4
- But need more understanding of certain differences to Data and well known GEANT3
- Compared to the quantities measured in this Testbeam, Simulations agree quite well
- But there are differences when we look closer on Simulations (e.g. absolute energy deps in simulated volumes, dependencies on G4 cuts)
- We have to proceed in a more systematic way in comparisons between Testbeams and G3 AND G4 simulations



G4 Simulation Setup (NTuple)



```
*****
Name      * Unit * Semantics
*****
XC        * cm  * x-pos. of e- source
YC        * cm  * y- "
E_SCINT(8) * keV * energy in scint. (8=closest to presh)
E_ELSE    * keV * energy escaped from simul.world
E_ALUM    * MeV * energy in aluminium
E_TOT     * MeV * energy deposited in every volume
E_XTAL(25) * MeV * energy in each xtal (numbering below)
E_SUM9    * MeV * sum over 9 xtals around center xtal
E_SUM25   * MeV * sum over all xtals
E_PRESH(19) * MeV * e./presh-layer (19=closest to xtals)
E_SI1(4,32) * keV * e. in 1st sil. (4 waver, 32 strips)
E_SI2(4,32) * keV * " 2nd "
NMIPS3(2) * - * sum 3 around max in sil. of 1st/2ndlayer
NMIPS5(2) * - * sum 5 "
```

Event Definition

- one e⁻ being shot with defined energy
- Directed on center crystal along z-axes
- uniformly smeared over 2x2cm in x and y

Hit Definition

- simply total energy/event deposited in a sensitive volume
- sensitive volumes:
 - trigger scintillators
 - preshower layers (incl. every strip of the silicon detectors)
 - crystals

Cuts in GEANT4 (*production thresholds*):

- 0.005 mm for every particle and material
- GEANT 4.2 , em 'plus' processes

0.5mm	PbWO4 [keV]	Silicon [keV]	0.005mm	PbWO4 [keV]	Silicon [keV]
e ⁻	640	335	e ⁻	34.3	6.6
Gamma	60	5	Gamma	2.6	0.99

Cuts in GEANT3

- 10 keV for e⁻/e⁺ and gamma in crystals and preshower
- delta ray production turned off for energy resolution studies
- delta rays turned on for preshower shower profile